

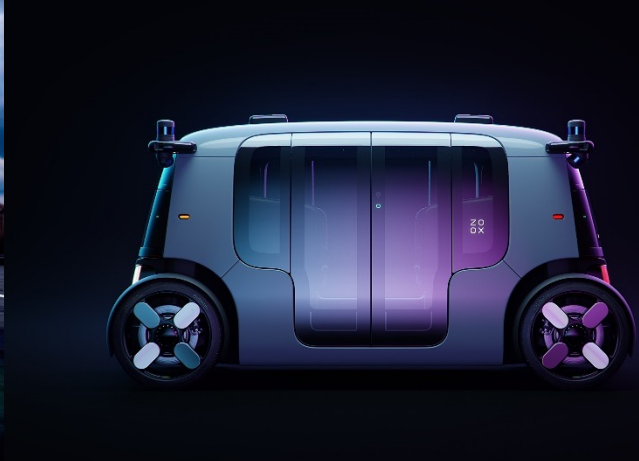
# Cloud Computing for Computational Fluid Dynamics

Dr Neil Ashton

Principal, Computational Engineering Solution Architect, AWS



# How do you design the next generation of X?



Companies need a way to assess the **performance** and **efficiency** of new designs

They want to go from conceptual design to full design in the **shortest** possible time with the **least** expense

Digital certification is the dream for many industries; **let's explore that further**

# Option 1 – Physical tests

Build it

Expensive

Accurate



# Option 2 – Wind tunnel tests

Mock up

Expensive

Limited



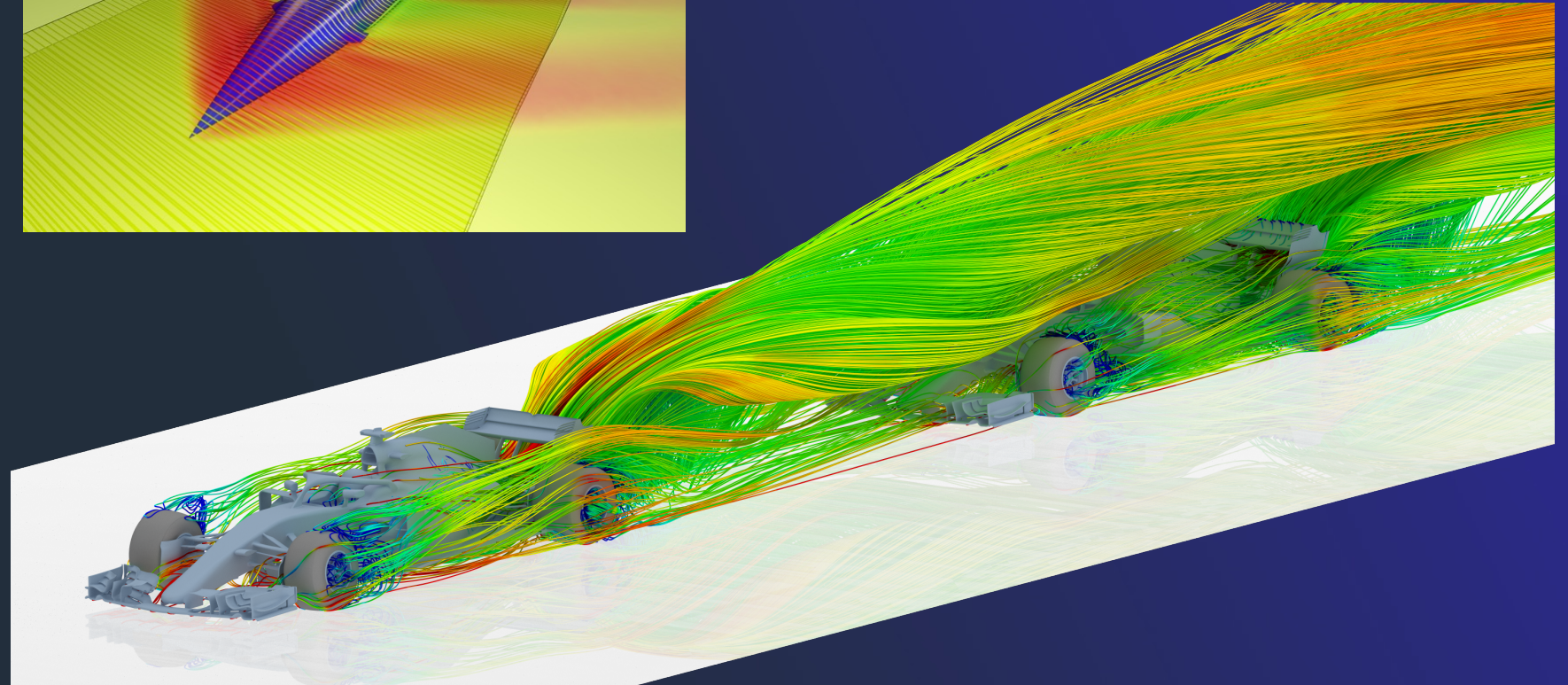
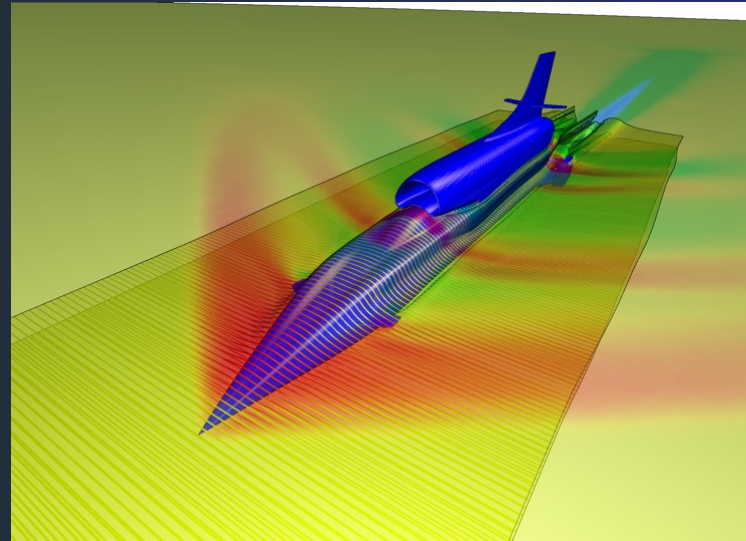
Credit: Andareed at English Wikipedia

# Option 3 – Simulation (computational fluid dynamics)

No  
Manufacture

Lower  
cost

Accurate?



# Option 3 – Simulation (computational fluid dynamics)

No  
Manufacture

$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_i} = 0$$

Lower  
cost

$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial t} + u_j \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial \tau_{ij}}{\partial x_j}$$

Accurate?

# Levels of CFD fidelity

DNS

## Highest Fidelity - Direct numerical simulation

- Best representation of all the physics; no modeling required
- Extremely expensive; currently just a research tool

$N_C = 10B$

$\Delta t = 1e^{-7}$

$N_T = 40M$  (4s)

$N_p = 200K$  (92 days)\*

~\$13M\*\*

\*\* 0.2 s per time-step (50K cells per core)

\*\* \$0.03 per core hour

# Levels of CFD fidelity

LES

## High-Medium Fidelity - Large eddy simulation

- Resolve large scale but model small scale
- Remains expensive; mesh generation

$N_c = 2B$

$\Delta t = 1e^{-6}$

$N_T = 4M$  (4s)

$N_p = 40K$  (12 days)\*

~\$350K\*\*

\*\* 0.25 s per time-step

\*\* \$0.03 per core hour

# Levels of CFD fidelity

RANS

## Low-Fidelity - Reynolds-averaged Navier-Stokes

- Required extensive mathematical modeling
- Cheap/fast for engineering applications

$N_C=250M$

$\Delta t=n/a$

$N_T=4k$

$N_p=2.5K$  (2 hours)\*

~\$150\*\*

\*\* 2 s per iteration (100K cells per core)

\*\* \$0.03 per core hour

# Levels of CFD fidelity

Hybrid

## Medium/High - Hybrid RANS-LES/WMLES

- Low-fidelity in near-wall regions, LES further away
- “Compromise” for industry

$N_C=1B$

$\Delta t=1e^{-5}$

$N_T=400k$

$N_p=20K$  (108 hours)\*

~\$64K\*\*

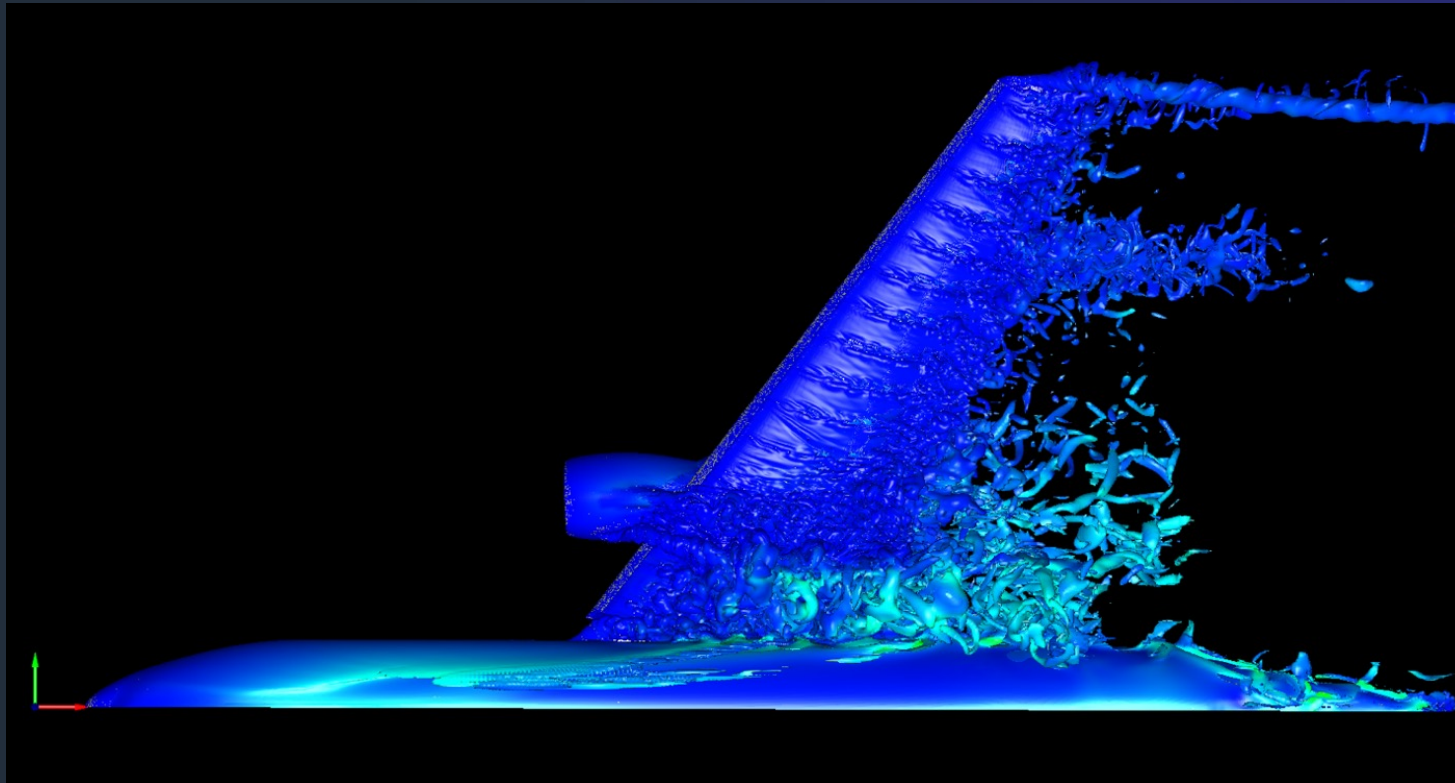
\*\* 1 s per time-step (50K cells per core) – implicit

\*\* \$0.03 per core hour

# HLPW4 workshop

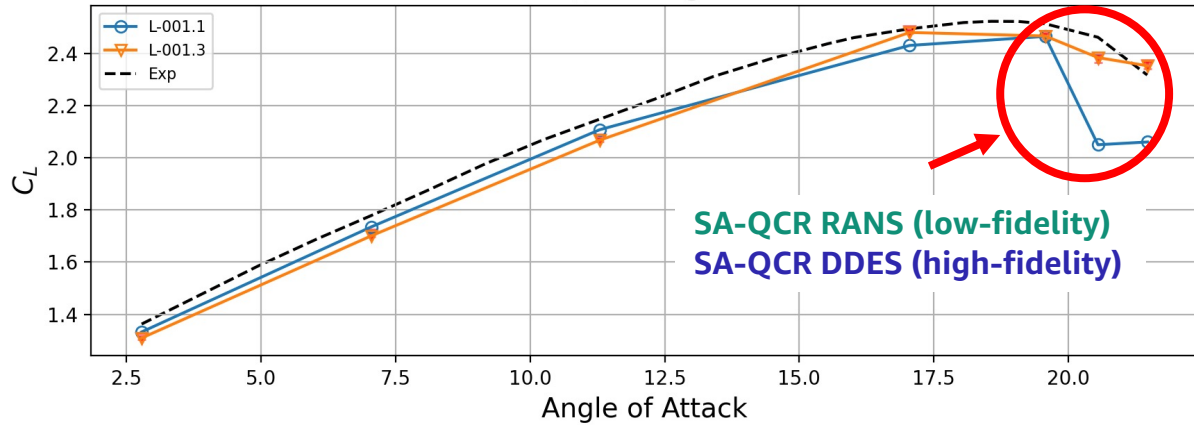
## 4th High Lift Prediction Workshop

Advance the state of the art for CFD with Boeing/NASA and many others

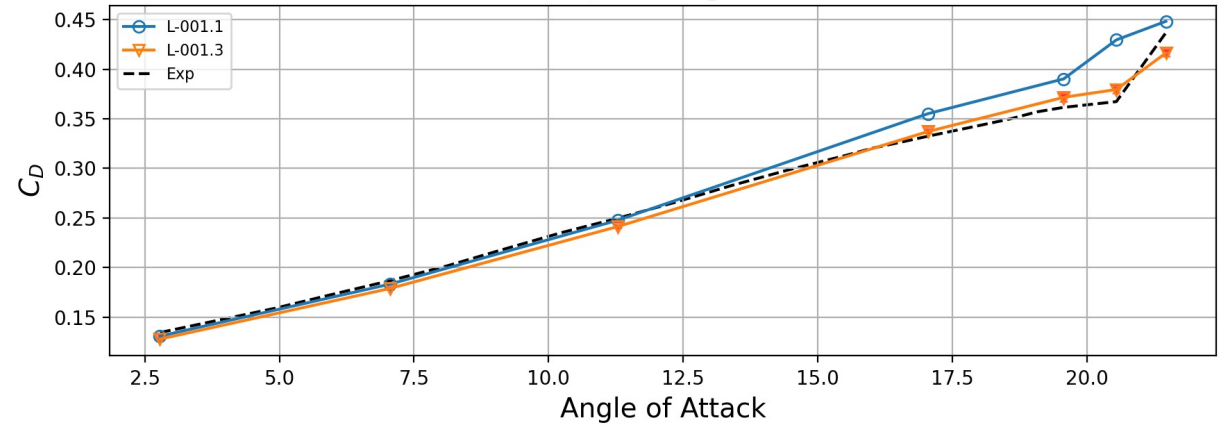


# Why High-Fidelity CFD?

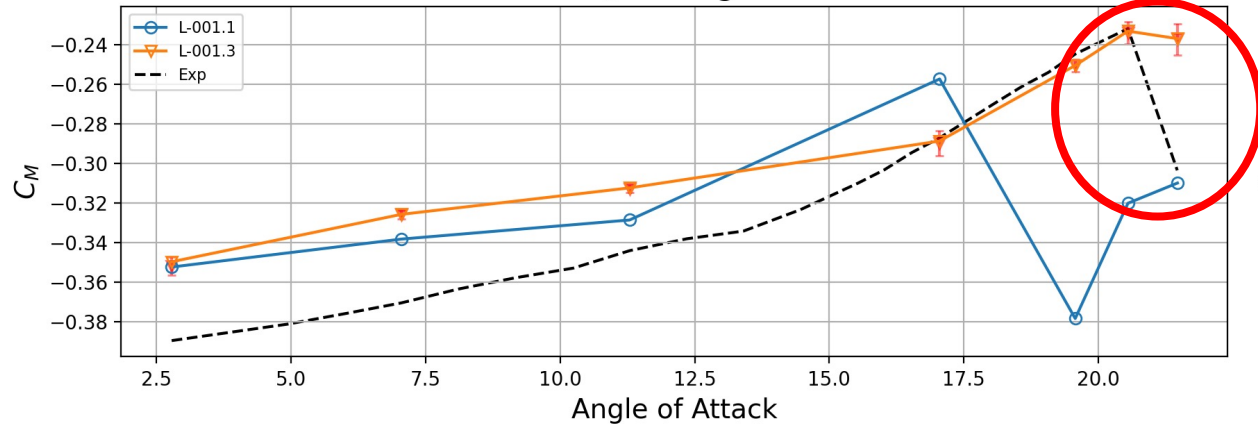
Case 2a:  $C_L$  vs Angle of Attack



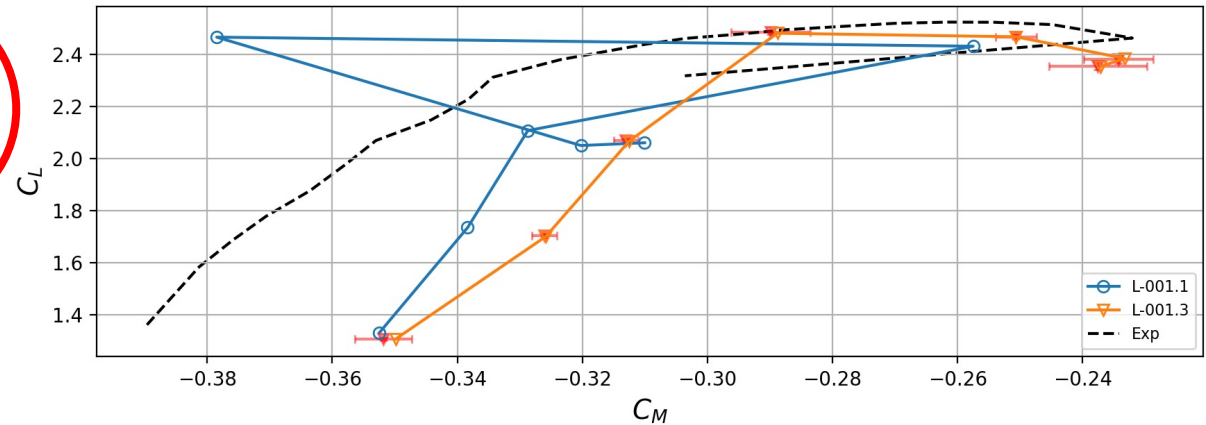
Case 2a:  $C_D$  vs Angle of Attack



Case 2a:  $C_M$  vs Angle of Attack

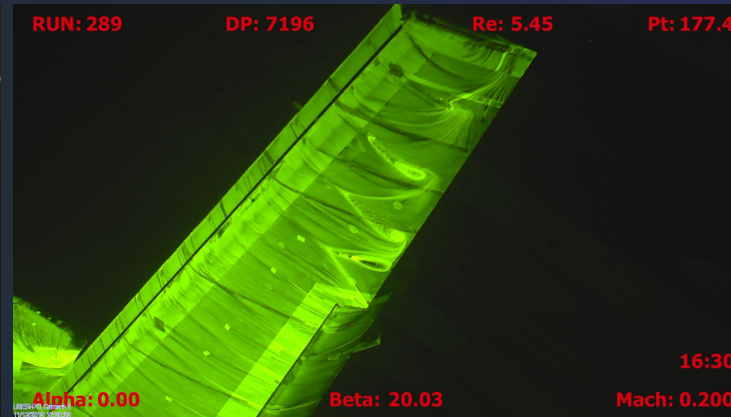
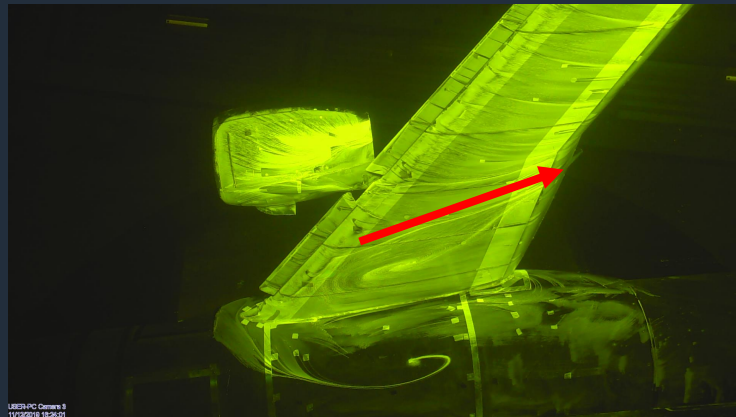


Case 2a:  $C_L$  vs  $C_M$



# Supporting Evidence

21.47 AoA



# On-prem HPC pain points

I'm stuck in the queue



Can you bump up my priority?

Why is UserX always hogging the queue?

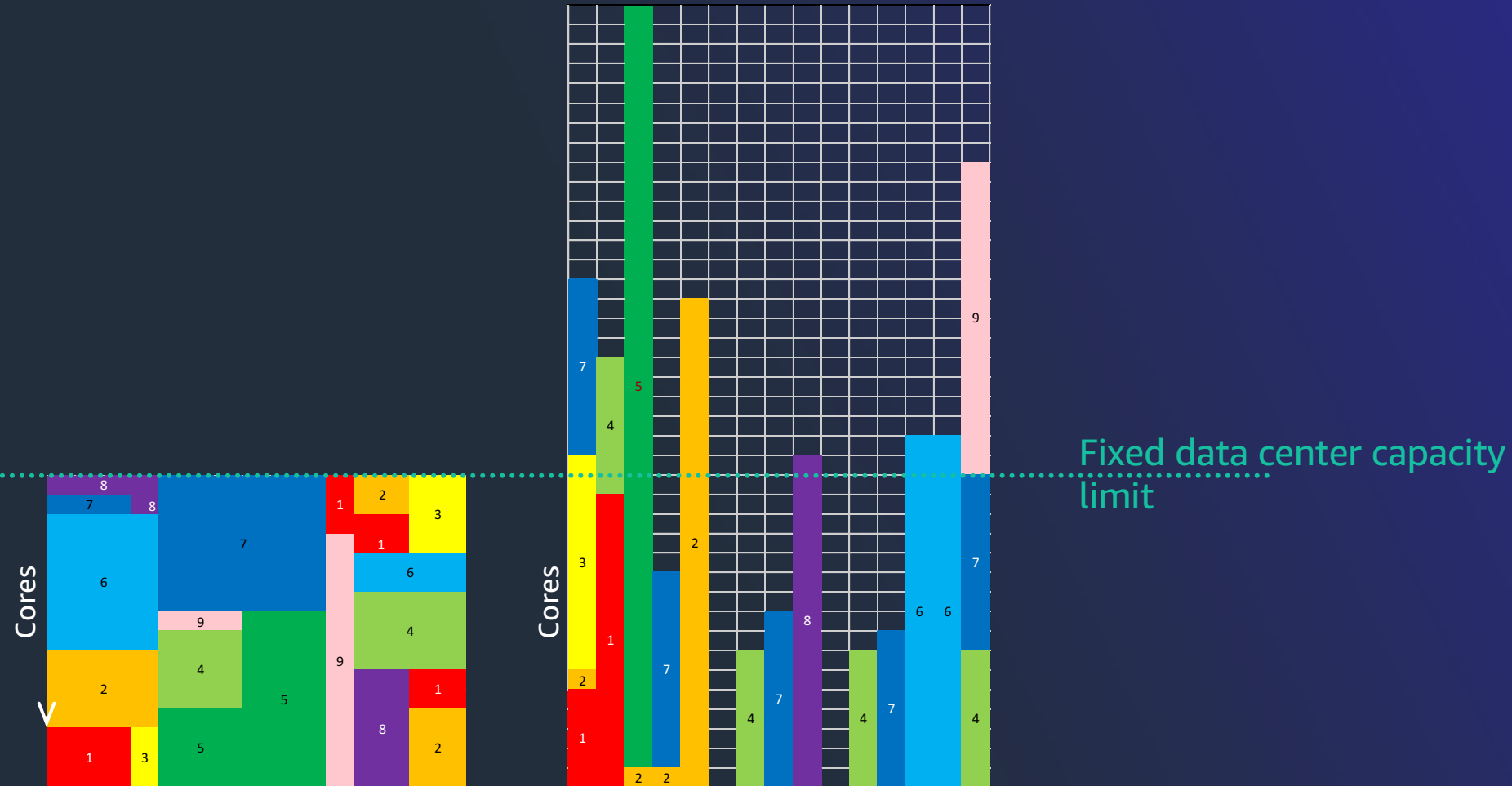
I've run out of disk space



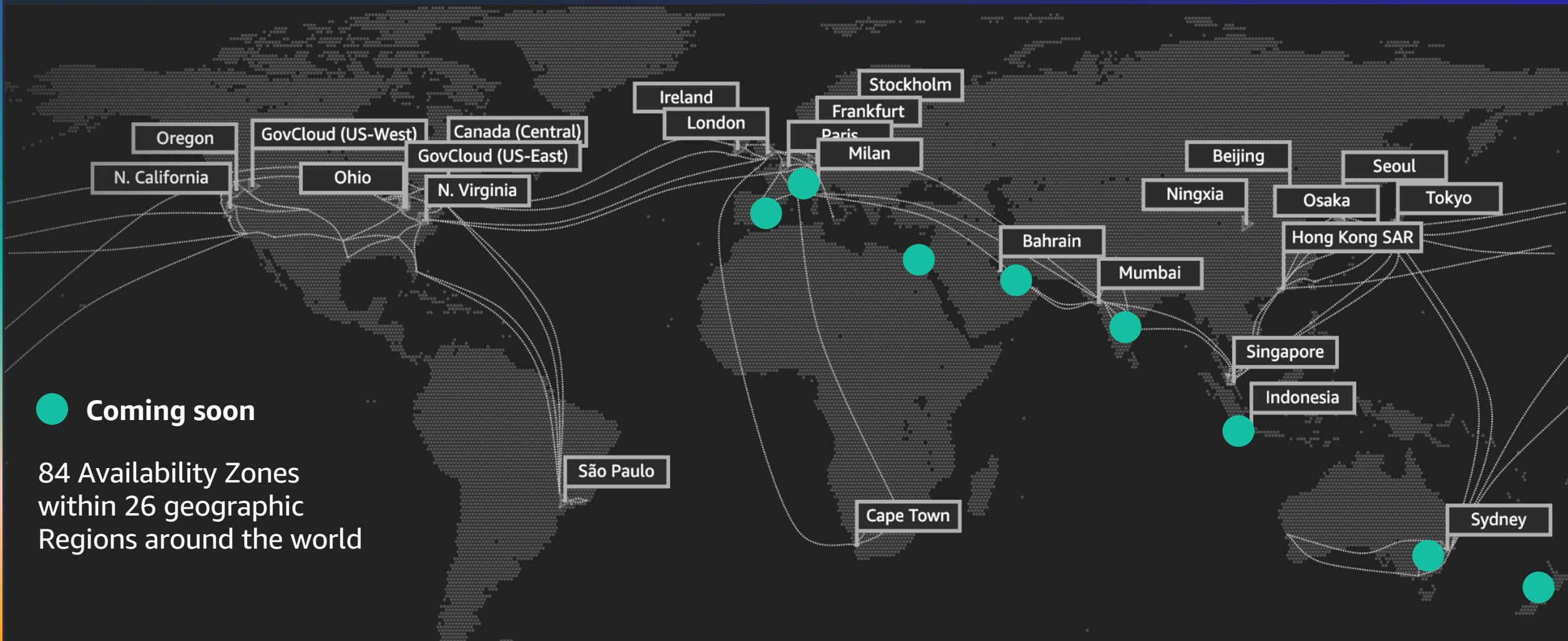
Can I have 1 TB more?

I promise to delete some files

# Cloud offers greater flexibility



# Global infrastructure



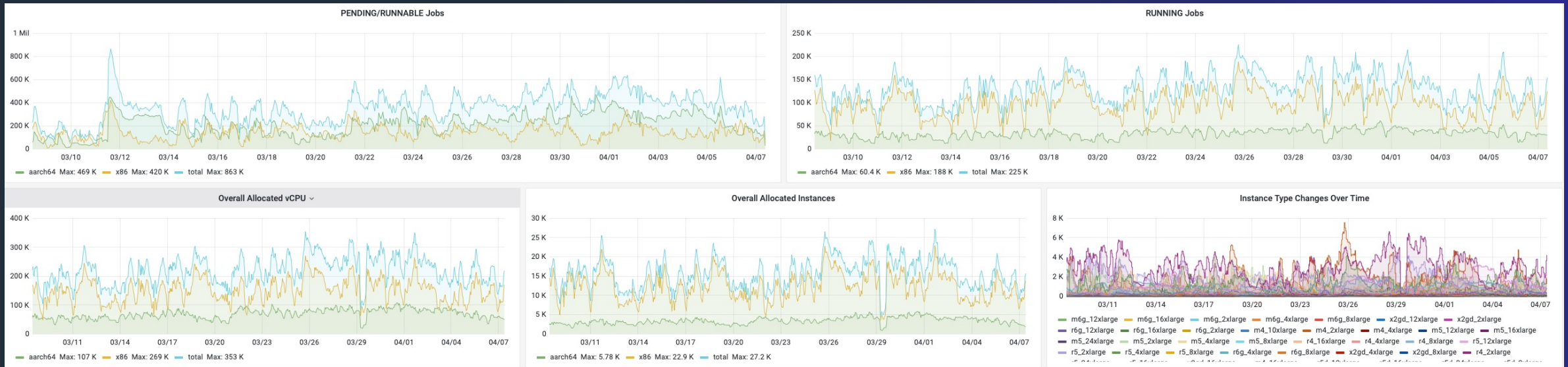
● Coming soon

84 Availability Zones  
within 26 geographic  
Regions around the world

# Arm HPC use

Max # Jobs per Week	Max # Jobs per Day	Average Job Runtime	Max # vCPUs	Max # Instances
<b>63.6M</b>	<b>10.9M</b>	<b>33 Mins</b>	<b>353K*</b>	<b>27.2K*</b>

\* all running on spot instances



<https://aws.amazon.com/solutions/case-studies/arm-limited-case-study/>



# Security/ITAR : AWS GovCloud (US)

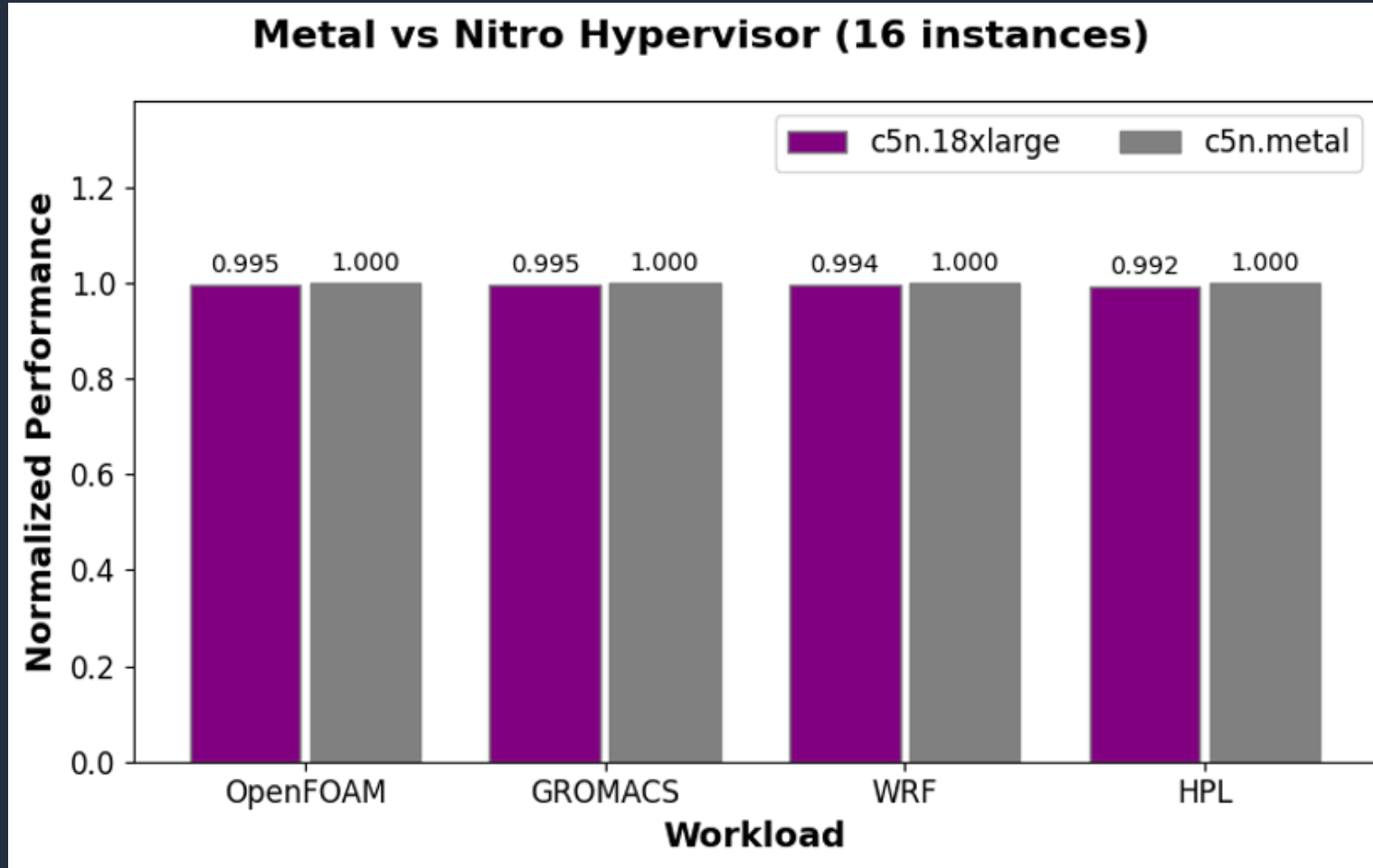
Isolated AWS infrastructure and services for customers with strict regulatory and compliance requirements and sensitive data. In addition AWS Secret Regions for Classified, Secret, Top Secret.

**Widely used NASA/US Gov codes (i.e OVERFLOW + FUN3D) running on tens of thousands of cores every day in AWS GovCloud**



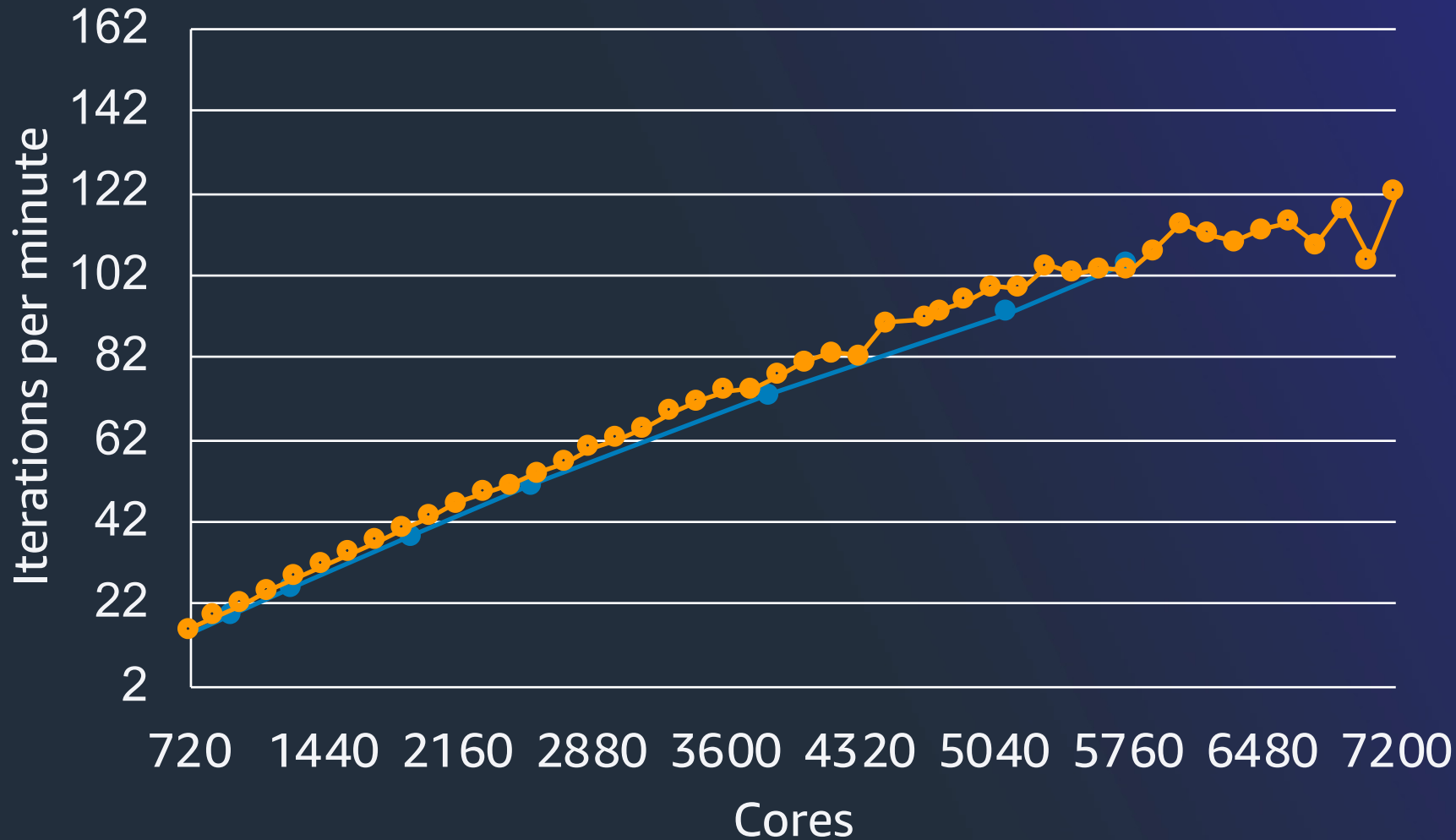
Addresses the most stringent US Government regulations, policies and security requirements

# AWS Hypervisor (Nitro) gives bare-metal performance



# Scaling on AWS – Fluent

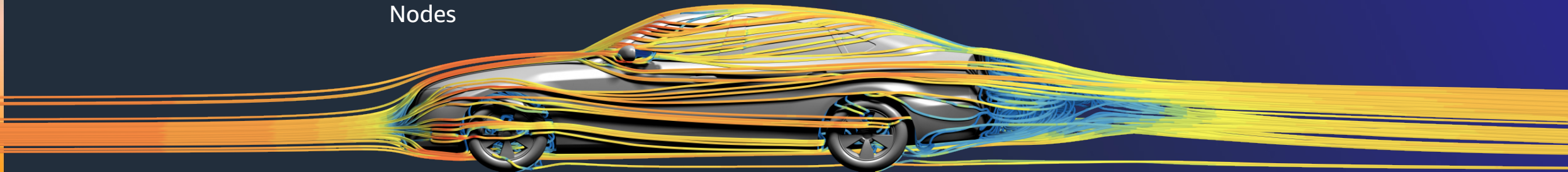
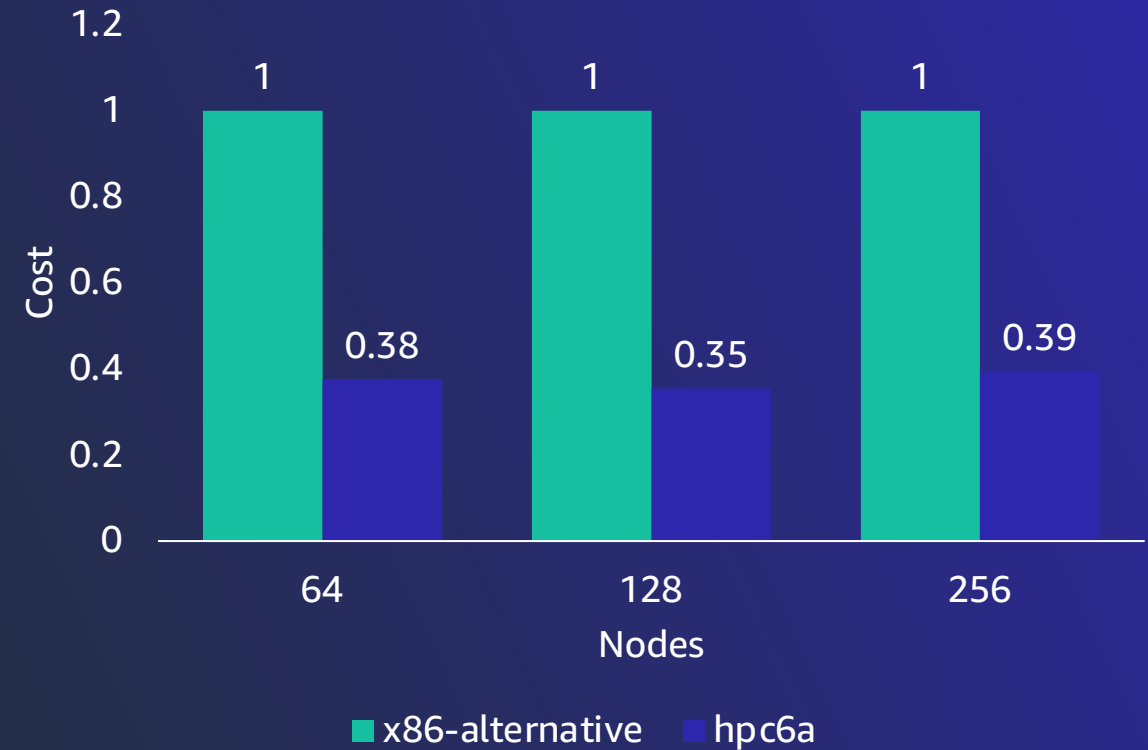
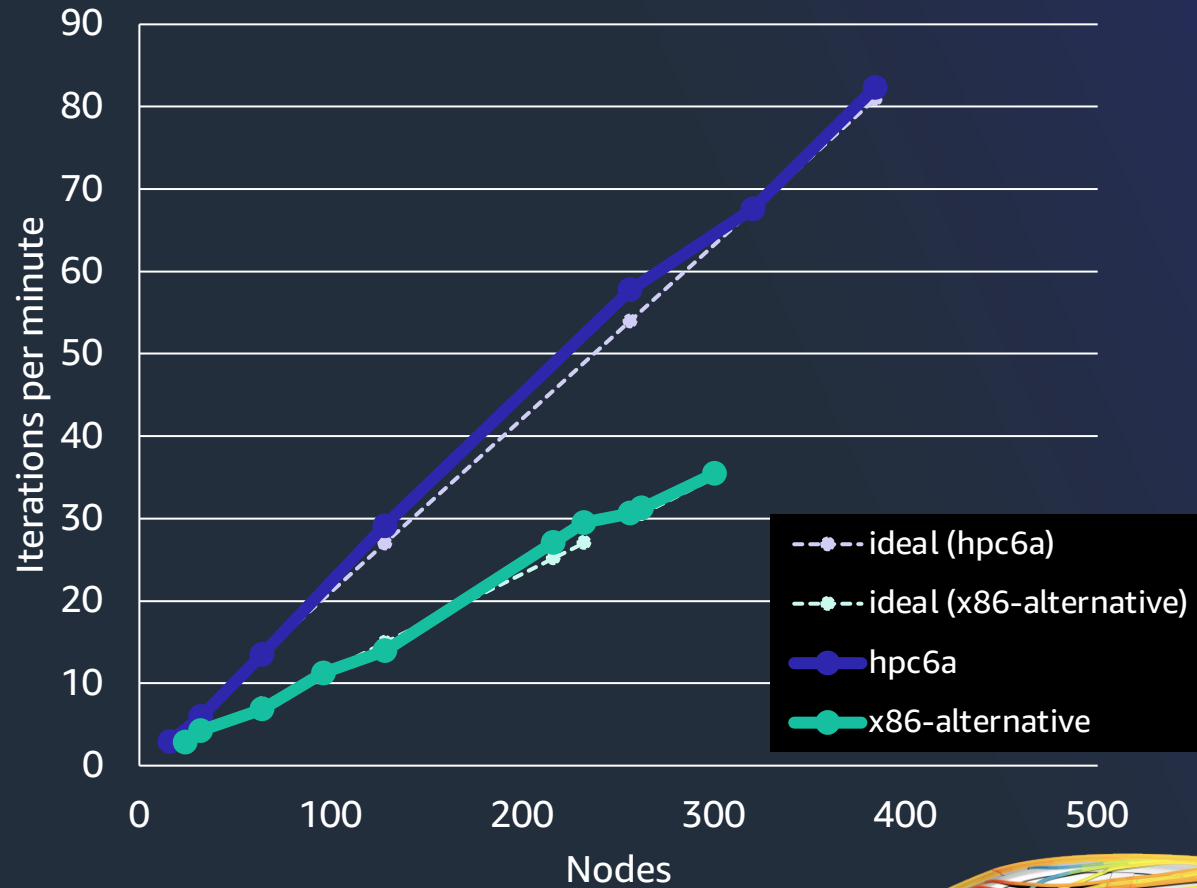
ANSYS Fluent 19.5 - F1 (140M cells) - IntelMPI 2019.5 - AL2 - PC2.5.1



—●— Cray XC50  
—●— AWS c5n.18xlarge



# HPC6a – 1.4B cell Siemens Simcenter STAR-CCM+

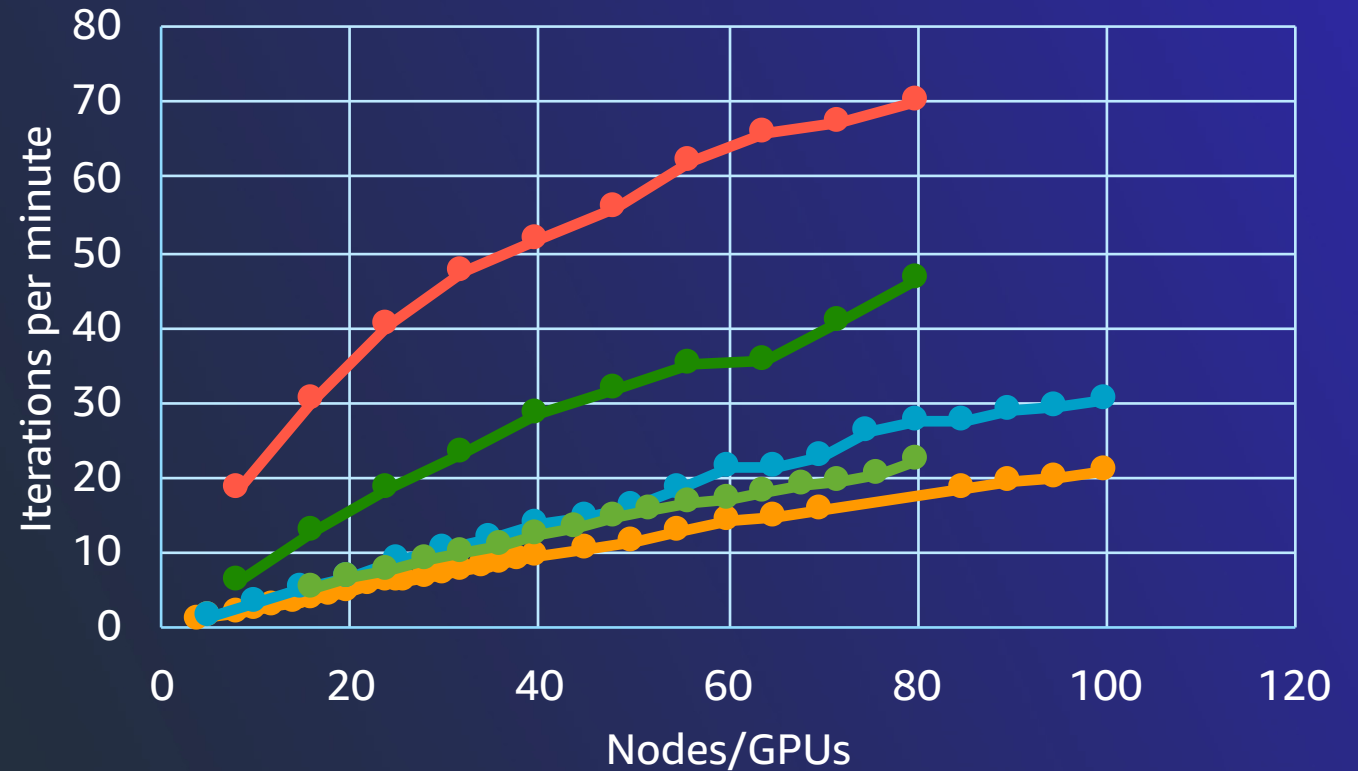


# GPUs?



- Recent work with Zenotech (zCFD) is very interesting
- GPUs (P3.24xlarge and G4dn.16xlarge Amazon EC2 instances – NVIDIA v100 and T4) deliver faster and cheaper results
- P4d.24xlarge (NVIDIA A100) gave even higher boost for a lower cost

149M cell XRF-1 Aircraft



- On-Premise
- c5n.18xlarge
- p3dn.24xlarge
- g4dn.12xlarge
- p4d.24xlarge

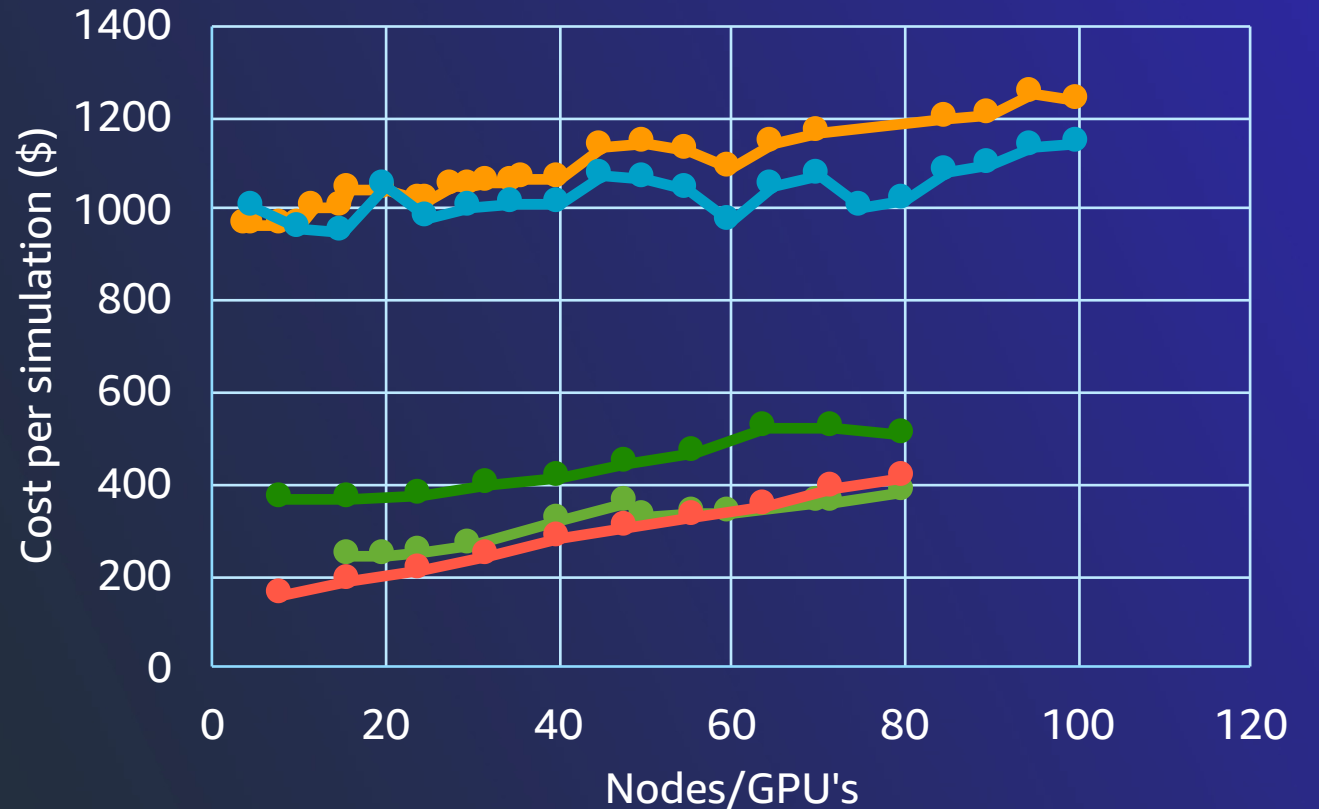


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149M cell XRF-1 Aircraft

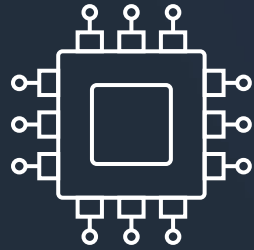


— On-Premise — c5n.18xlarge — p3dn.24xlarge  
— g4dn.12xlarge — p4d.24xlarge

# Key services that enable HPC on AWS



AWS  
ParallelCluster



Amazon EC2



Elastic Fabric  
Adapter (EFA)



Amazon FSx  
for Lustre



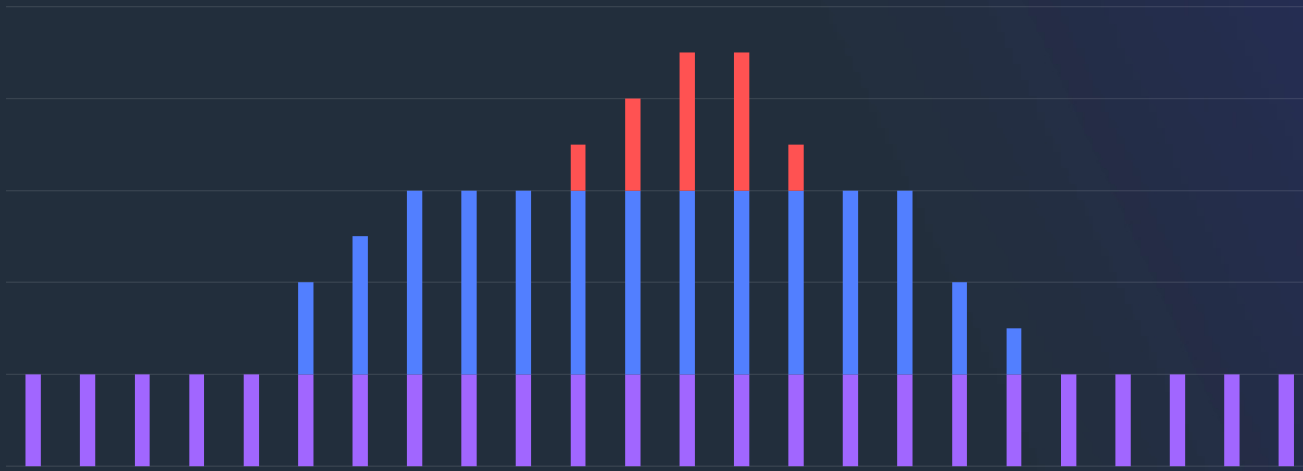
AWS Batch

**Infrastructure as code i.e ability to update your entire environment via API calls**

# Simplifying capacity and cost optimization

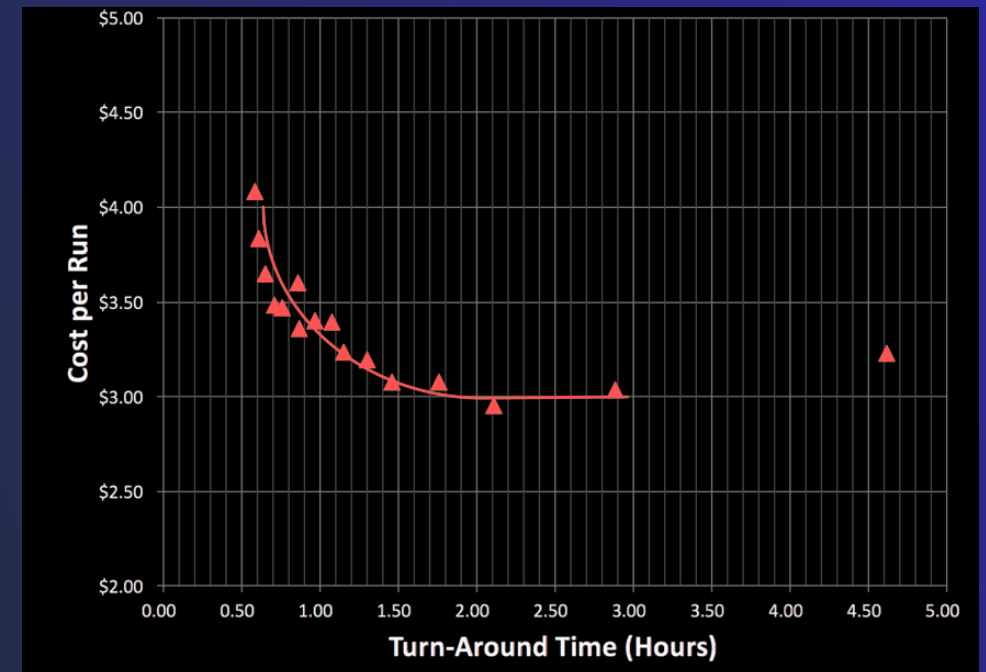
Scale using **Spot Instances**, **On-Demand Instances**, or both

Use **Reserved Instances/Saving Plans** for known/steady-state workloads



Range of AWS budget tools to help you control your spend

Evaluate the trade-off of time to solution vs. cost for scaling



# Customer case study – Joby Aviation

- Novel aircraft meant limited prior knowledge – CFD was key to the design
- Conduct **thousands** of simulations on **hundreds** of cores using Amazon EC2 C5n.18xlarge instances
- **AWS ParallelCluster** to easily deploy an HPC environment
- Amazon S3 Glacier to **store hundreds of terabytes of data**



“Using AWS helps us get results from our CFD work faster. In some cases, we get results in 24 hours that may have previously taken a week.”

**Alex Stoll,**  
**Aeromechanics Lead, Joby Aviation**

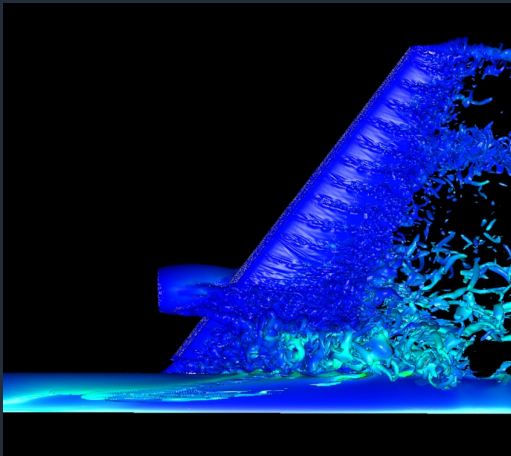
# Boom Supersonic goes all in on AWS



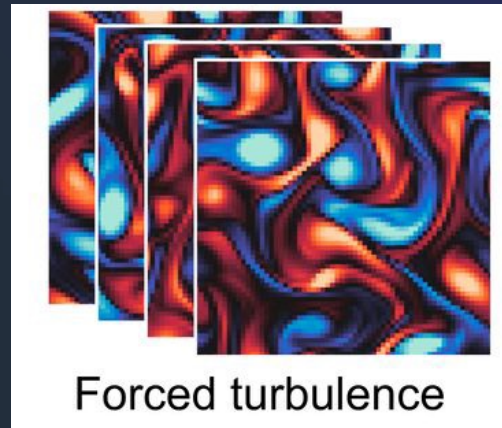
- Boom Supersonic used AWS to **accelerate the design and construction** of its supersonic aircraft
- Boom can run thousands of advanced computer simulations concurrently, resulting in an estimated **6x increase in productivity versus an on-premises environment**
- Boom used more than **53 million compute hours** on **AWS to complete design and testing** of its Overture airliner
- **525TB** of data stored in Amazon S3

# The future: ML and HPC possibilities

Extract relationships from simulation data

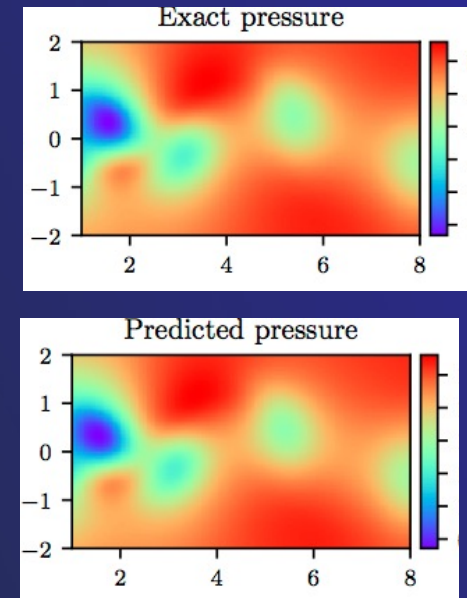


Accelerate HPC simulations with embedded ML models



Credit: "Machine learning-accelerated computational fluid dynamics"  
[www.pnas.org/content/118/21/e2101784118](http://www.pnas.org/content/118/21/e2101784118)

Learn solutions to governing equations directly

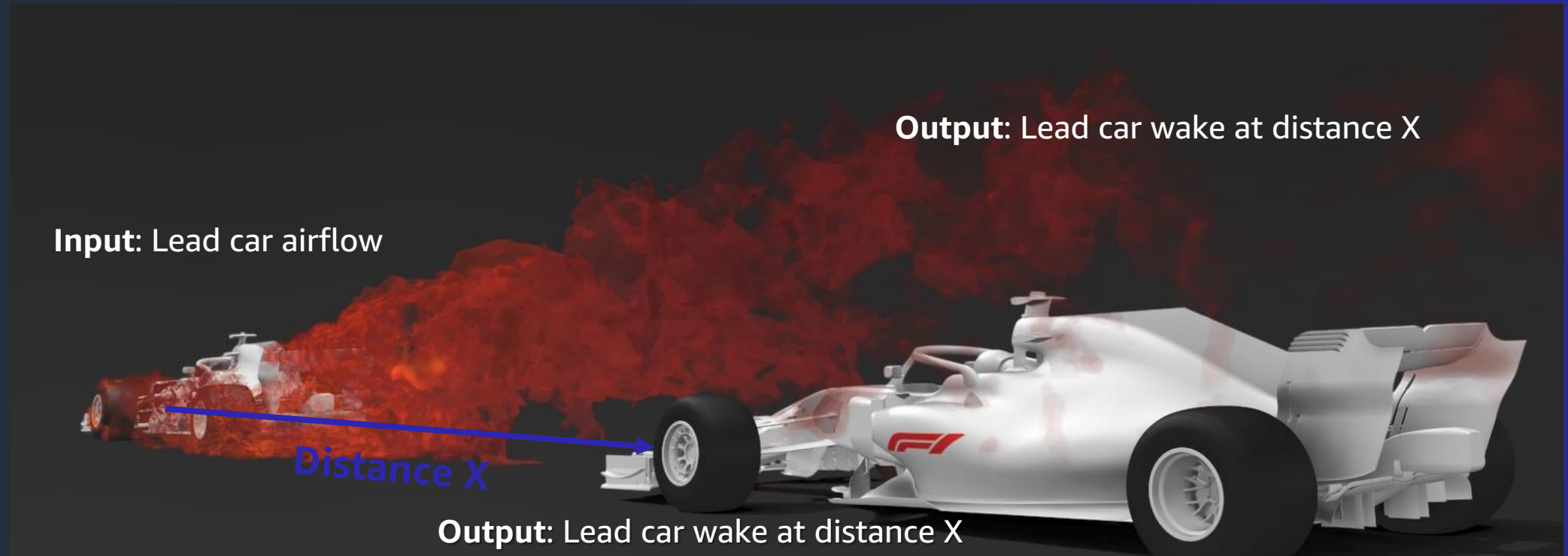


Credit: Physics Informed Deep Learning,  
[maziarraissi.github.io/PINNs/](https://maziarraissi.github.io/PINNs/)

**AWS hardware (Amazon EC2 P4d, AWS Trainium, AWS Inferentia) and services (Amazon SageMaker, Amazon Deep Learning AMIs) to accelerate**

# Demonstrating ML + HPC

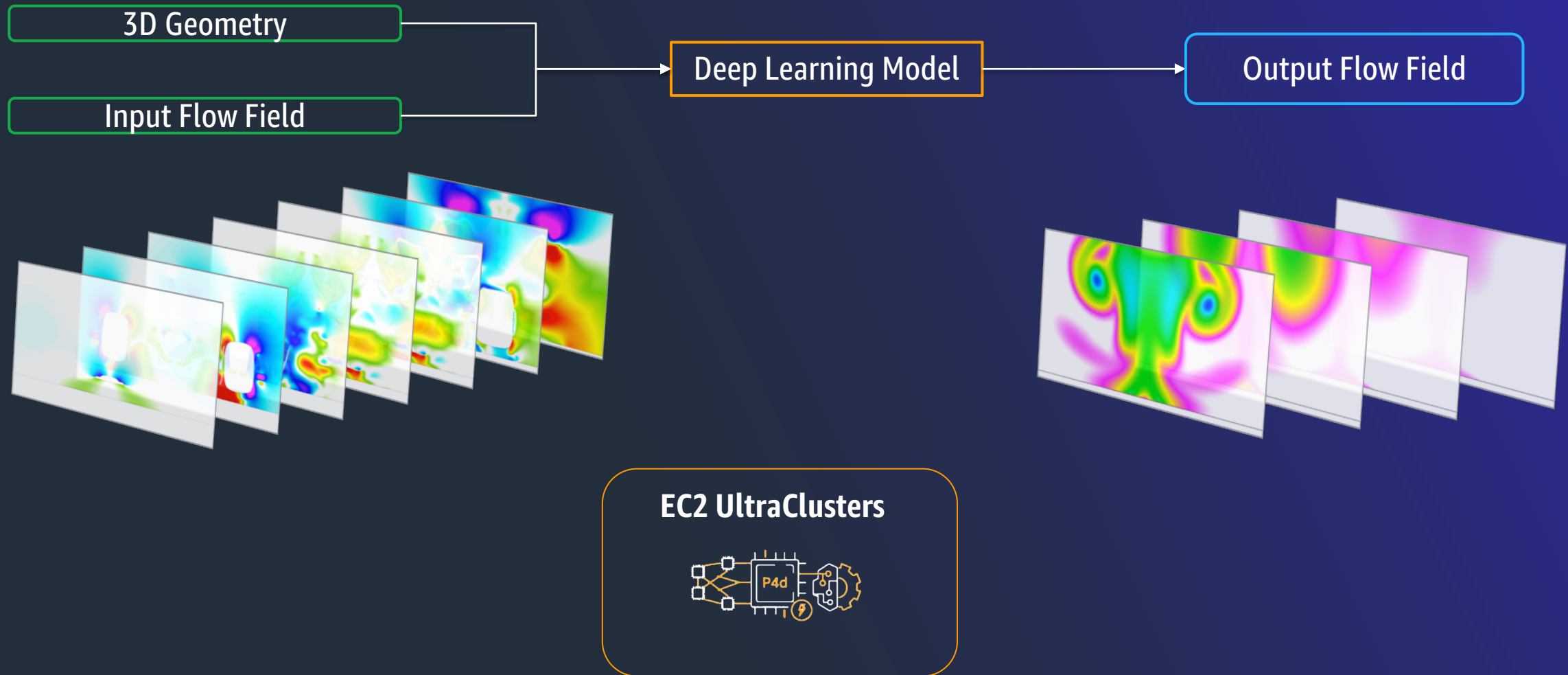
Extract relationships from HPC simulation results



## Problem statement:

Determine optimal lead car features to obtain target flow profile at distance X

# ML + HPC Solution



# Summary

- **Large-scale, high-fidelity CFD** is needed to reduce need for wind tunnel and physical testing
- HPC is the main bottleneck to achieve current 'low-fidelity' (RANS-like) same business-day turnaround time
- Cloud model can help to broaden HPC access to companies/researchers and allow testing on latest hardware
- You can spin up **tens of thousands of cores and hundreds of TB HPC systems** in a manner of minutes and change their configuration with a line of code
- **Provides a great way to combine HPC+ML+Digital Twins**

# Thank you!

